

Top Five Lessons Learned in Resilience Planning

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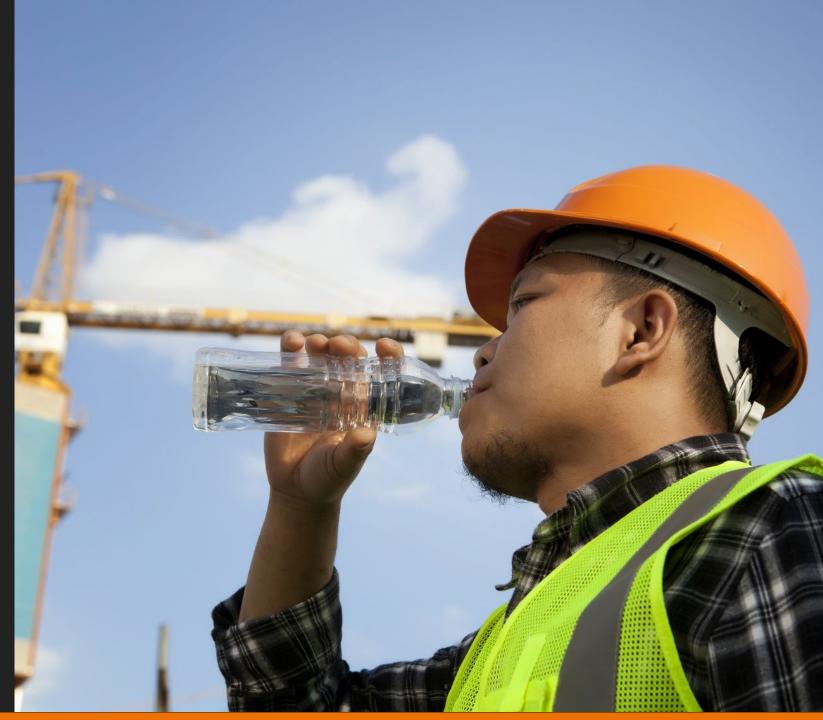
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SaferTogether[™]

Safety Moment

- Never leave children or pets alone in a hot car
- Ways to Stay Cool
 - Stay Hydrated
 - Stay inside during hottest part of the day (10 to 4 pm)
 - If you are outside, wear light clothing, a hat and sunscreen
 - If you feel overheated, cool off with wet washcloths on your wrist and neck or cold shower



No 5- Funding Sources

- No standard funding sources
- Mixture of federal and state grants
- Different timelines, reporting requirements and deliverables
- Long-term maintenance of Vulnerability Assessments (VAs) and Adaptation Plans (Aps)

Recommendation:

- Statewide VA to identify local critical assets
- Need for federal or state programmatic revenue streams for APs





No 4- Public Engagement

- Many definitions for resiliency •
- Unless there has been a recent flooding • event, difficult to garner interest
- Critical infrastructure often "the city's • problem"

Recommendation:

- Work with local mitigation strategy and • emergency personnel to identify key stakeholders
- Target communities with known ullethistorical flooding issues

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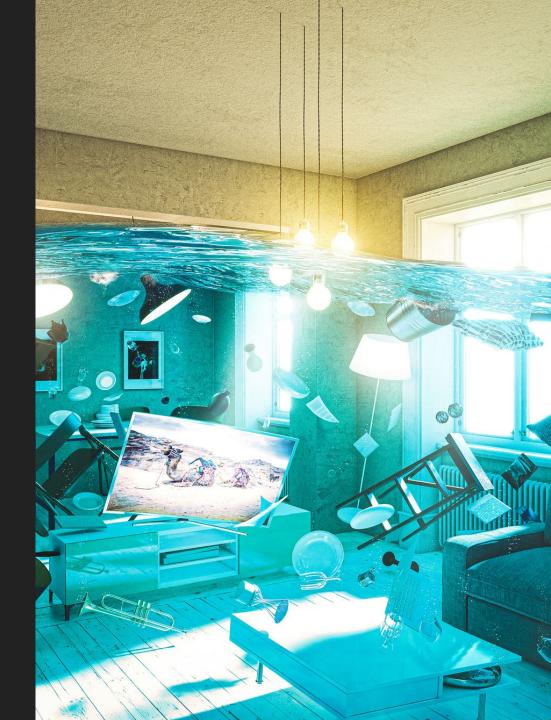
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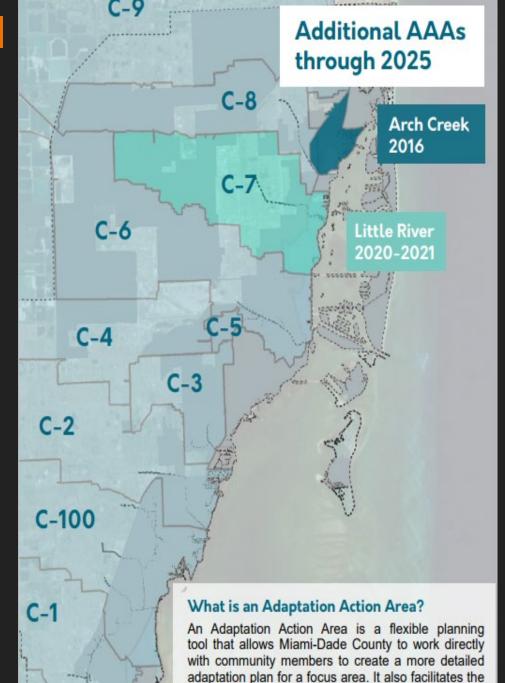
- What do you consider flooding?
 - A large puddle on your property
 - A foot of water in the building
- Will be different for utilities than structures

Recommendation:

- Get agreement with city or county prior on approach and definition prior to beginning analysis.
- Be consistent with surrounding municipalities, if possible.



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coordination of projects such as road, park and green

infrastructure, and water and sewer improvements,

No 2 – Policy Integration

- Assists in focusing resilience implementation strategies and resources to most impacted areas
- Solutions in the form comp plan strategies, LDRs, and project program plans not useful unless implemented

Recommendations:

- Encourage Cities and Counties to include policy integration with AP
- Utilize Adaptation Action Areas as overlays
- Local Mitigation Strategies and Hazard Mitigation Plans

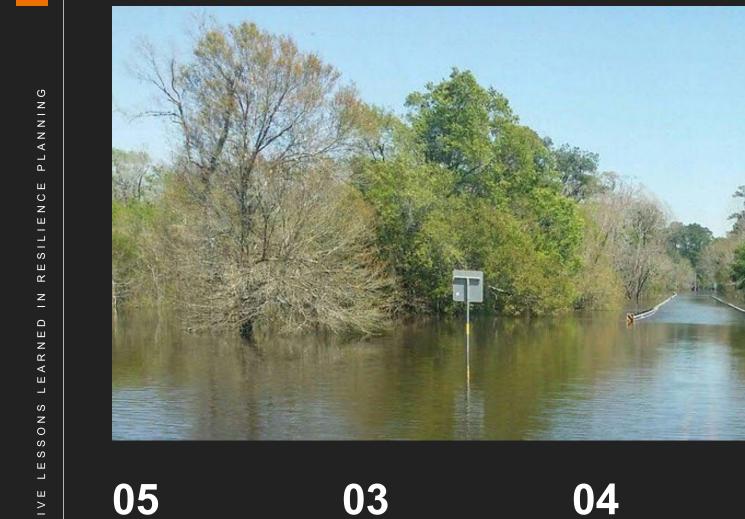
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- Data sources and formats vary by region
- Not all cities and counties have robust data
- Climate projections are sometimes provided in ranges and are very granular
- Projected data not always available

Recommendation:

- Standardize data request forms and sources
- Feds/State/Flood Hub to provide standard data sets





Funding Sources

Defining Flood

Public Engagement

Policy Integration

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Data availability

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Questions?

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